

Be Thankful

We all have something to be thankful for.

Do you ever stop to think how much better off you are than the average person in any other part of the world.

Are there many of us hungry and begging for employment?

Do we have to look forward with dread to the cold winter, which takes all we have saved in the summer, to keep us from freezing?

How about the neat little home you occupy, with the beautiful open-air life?

Some of us may feel blue this year because we foolishly speculated, but do not let that discourage you. It was an expensive lesson, but you will be more careful in the future.

With your family and friends around you next Thursday you will require a few more articles for your table, such as Meat Dishes, Plates, Cups and Saucers, Tumblers, Beer and Wine Glasses, Carvers, Knives and Forks, Spoons, etc.

Whether you are rich or poor, we can supply your wants to your entire satisfaction.

W. W. Dimond & Co.

LIMITED.

Wholesale and Retail

CROCKERY, GLASS AND HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

53-55-57 King St.

KOMEL

Made from the pure juice of the Grape Fruit.

Carbonated only by the

CONSOLIDATED SODA WATER WORKS CO.,

LIMITED.

601 Fort St. Phone Main 71
Island Orders Solicited.

WILDER'S STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

SHIPPERS ARE NOTIFIED THAT a new freight schedule will go into effect on and after December 1, 1901.

Information in regard to changes in rates can be obtained at the office of the company, corner Fort and Queen streets, Honolulu.

C. L. WIGHT, President.

Metropolitan Meat Company
NO. 507 KING ST.
HONOLULU, H. I.

Shipping and Family Butchers.

NAVY CONTRACTORS.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow.
Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.

ANNEXATION GAVE STABILITY TO ALL HAWAIIAN VALUES

The Expansionist, for September, contains the following article from the pen of Mrs. Elizabeth Van Cleave Hall: The annexation of Hawaii is a subject which has been under discussion for fifty years at least. The annexation of Hawaii is a subject which has been under discussion for fifty years at least. The annexation of Hawaii is a subject which has been under discussion for fifty years at least.

With the wisdom or unwisdom of annexation this article has little to do. The expansionist and the anti-expansionist will have to fight that out between them. It may be that the part of wisdom in both cases would be to accept the situation, lending a hand to bring about the best consequences and await developments. America has not made a serious failure of self-government, and it is assuming a good deal under the circumstances to intimate that she is incapable of governing others or of teaching them to govern themselves.

The immediate effect of annexation upon Hawaii was to give an assurance of stability. Values increased and new enterprises, which had only been awaiting the final decision, were started at once. In his report to the Secretary of the Interior, Governor Dole states that nine out of the fifty-eight sugar plantations of the Islands may be credited to the stimulus given by annexation. A few figures quoted from this report will give a clear idea of commercial and industrial progress under the influence of annexation.

The value of sugar exported for 1898, 1899, and the first six months of 1900, has been as follows:

1898.....\$16,614,622.53
1899.....21,898,190.97
First half 1900.....14,770,546.76

Imports—

1898.....11,650,890.76
1899.....18,055,605.73
January 1 to June 14, 1900.....10,683,516.12

Exports—

1898.....17,346,744.79
1899.....22,628,741.82
January 1 to June 14, 1900.....14,404,496.16

Customs revenues—

1898.....896,975.70
1899.....1,295,628.95
January 1 to June 14, 1900.....587,897.14

Sugar is, of course, the chief staple of Hawaii and seems likely to continue so. "It pays best" is generally the answer. Concerning the labor question, the following paragraph from Thurman's "Hawaiian Annual," 1901, explains the situation: "The year has been fraught with much solicitude and watchfulness on a number of the plantations throughout the Islands, not only from uncertainty of labor, but in several instances in the protection of established interests against ignorance of law and justice. Through the immediate application of the United States labor laws to these Islands by the Territorial Act, many strikes and much unrest and defiance was shown by Japanese laborers on several plantations. The turbulently disposed of this nationality were quick to take advantage of the opportunity presented, and in their restless wanderings have encouraged others to dictation and dissatisfaction. In consequence of this state many plantations are working short-handed, and a number seriously so; and the outlook of relief is still problematical. Effort and inquiry for labor from new sources are in progress; Porto Rico, the Southern States, and other populated centers are being looked into as to feasibility. If it bring but a thousand hands it will relieve the situation by its moral effect on the large number of idle and idle Japanese laborers now here."

Rice culture is chiefly in the hands of the Chinese, and does not suffer from labor troubles. These people are possessed of a persistent industry which ought to command general respect. They deserve success for they work hard for it.

Among the new enterprises stimulated by annexation, the colony of American farmers who have settled at Wahiawa, Oahu, adjoining the tract of land set apart for a military reservation, deserve special mention for their efforts to prove that something like sugar can be cultivated with profit. It is to be regretted that more of the fruits which can be cultivated so easily are not grown. Pineapples do well and find ready market at home and abroad. Coffee should not be utterly neglected. Bananas are shipped to San Francisco every month in the year and if our grape growers would cultivate more varieties they would bring good prices in San Francisco, as they come months before the California season.

It is to be hoped that the land question will be settled ere long in such a way that the small farmers will be encouraged to settle here, and that efforts to secure an increased water supply will meet with success.

During the past year some notable public improvements have been made in Honolulu. New wharves have been built to meet the needs of largely increased commerce and shipping; new streets are being opened, and old streets being widened as rapidly as possible.

Property owners within certain limits are required to construct sidewalks of concrete, thus greatly improving the appearance of the city.

A tropical city requires a generous water supply throughout the year, and this demand is being met by boring artesian wells and distributing the water by powerful pumps. During the past year a new pumping station has been constructed, consisting of a group of three 12-inch artesian wells, supplying 5,000,000 gallons of water in twenty-four hours.

A much needed sewerage system is being constructed, an improvement which has been too long delayed. This brought us in contact with the plumbing trade, and we made up our mind that we were becoming oppressively civilized. The postoffice has been repaired and enlarged, and the Judiciary building renovated. Among the new business buildings may be mentioned the Boston building, built by the Brewer estate, a handsome four-story structure. The first floor and basement are occupied by the grocery firm of H. May & Co., while the upper floors furnish desirable offices.

The Stangenwald block is a new fireproof office building, 20 stories in height. Honolulu's "sky-scraper."

The Hall building, just completed by the hardware firm of E. O. Hall & Son, is a thoroughly equipped establishment, and makes the corner on Fort and King streets very attractive.

The most imposing mercantile block in town now in process of construction

IMPORTS, BY COUNTRIES.

	1898.	1899.	Jan. 1 to June 14, 1900.
United States.....	\$8,695,591.63	\$15,020,830.17	\$8,709,822.43
Great Britain.....	1,287,736.67	1,774,655.52	903,925.86
Japan.....	254,324.98	673,410.50	303,188.79
Germany.....	352,043.65	384,102.88	199,538.69
China.....	328,851.87	334,523.00	67,995.79
Canada.....	283,282.49	112,480.63	99,708.63
Australia and New Zealand.....	198,384.61	257,388.04	270,542.54
Pacific Islands.....	43,635.55	64,130.26	30,091.02
Chile.....	7,292.12	1,025.48	—
All others.....	99,636.33	153,399.51	138,692.66
Total.....	\$11,650,890.81	\$19,055,605.73	\$10,683,516.12

EXPORTS, BY COUNTRIES.

	1898.	1899.	Jan. 1 to June 14, 1900.
United States.....	\$17,256,084.49	\$22,017,758.82	\$14,362,898.97
China and Japan.....	44,823.25	54,652.00	31,197.90
Canada.....	23,963.28	17,067.62	569.29
Australia and New Zealand.....	21,873.77	39,863.38	9,830.09
Total.....	\$17,346,744.79	\$22,628,741.82	\$14,404,496.16

is that of the firm of H. Hackfeld & Co. It is built of the blue-gray lava stone, quarried in Honolulu.

The Alexander Young building is designed for a hotel building and stores. Being in the heart of the town, it will make a striking appearance when finished, and from a business point of view it will be a great improvement, though the removal of old landmarks and the felling of beautiful trees must cause a pang of regret.

The Moana Hotel, at Walkiki, a new four-story building just opened to the traveling public, is very attractive and fills a long-felt want. It is situated on the beach and affords excellent facilities for bathing and the delights of canoeing and surf riding. It is about three miles from the center of town, but the drive is a pleasant one, and for those who come here for rest and quiet the situation is good.

Another favorite resort is Haleiwa Hotel, at Waialua, on the Oahu Railway, too far from town for a place of residence, but charming in its quiet beauty.

The Hawaiian Hotel, conveniently located in the center of town, has greatly increased its capacity in the last two years, and contemplates still further enlargements. Steam laundries, several warehouses, new livery stables, an automobile establishment, a malt and brewing company, a powerhouse and barn for rapid transit company, and the new steel frame building of the Honolulu Iron Works are some of the latest additions to the commercial center.

Traveling accommodations have been increased by the addition of three new steamships to the fleet of the Oceanic Steamship Company.

Pacific Heights, a new residence site close to town, is on the ridge between Nuuanu and Pounaue. An electric railway climbs the hill and brings these homes within easy reach. Fresh, pure air and a wonderful outlook make the locality popular.

The prospect of a rapid transit line has encouraged the opening of a fine tract owned by the College and situated on an elevation at the entrance to Manoa Valley. This is also a fine residence locality.

The construction of railways on the Island of Hawaii has made considerable progress in the last two years, and will be of incalculable value to the people of the Islands.

We are still literally "at sea" as regards the telegraphic communication with the world at large, but that is not the fault of Hawaii. We have longed for a cable with a longing unutterable for many years, and were bitterly disappointed at the failure of the cable bill during the last session of Congress. Probably no one who has enjoyed for a lifetime telegraphic communication with nearly all the world can realize our feeling of isolation until he puts himself in our place. Without a cable Hawaii is in the Union, but out of it.

The Marconi system of wireless telegraphy already connects four of the Islands, and is to be extended throughout the whole group. This will prove an incalculable blessing when complete.

The traveler visiting Honolulu who expects to find a little provincial, half asleep, will be disappointed. It is about as lively as it can be without an ocean cable. The people are public spirited and progressive, and it is often said that in no other place is money so quickly forthcoming for deeds of charity and benevolence.

Hawaii has always had much attention to education, which from early days has been compulsory, so the Hawaiian over ten years of age who cannot read and write is an exception. The missionaries established boarding schools for Hawaiian girls and boys separately, and a little private school, doing excellent work, giving a good plain course of study with manual training as well.

The public school system is also good, while the generosity of the late Mrs. Bernice Pauahi Bishop, one of Hawaii's noblest daughters, has given us a splendid school for the education of our girls and boys with their excellent equipment and attractive surroundings.

The Honolulu High School and Oahu College, a private boarding and day school endowed by the missionaries in 1819, has always been a place of study for students from all over the world.

Oahu College has an ideal situation for a school of its kind, being two and a half miles from the center of town on a large tract of land in a cool and healthful locality. It is coeducational and aims to lay the foundation of a liberal education without being a denominational school. Its influence in the community has always been marked, and plans for its enlargement and increased efficiency are now under consideration.

The Free Kindergarten and Children's Aid Association and the Castle Home for Orphans and Friendless Children are among our most valued philanthropic works. Some plantations have established free kindergartens for the benefit of the children of laborers. Nor should we forget the Victorian Hospital for incurables, established within the past two years through the efforts of Bishop Willis, of the Anglican Church, and his estimable wife. A movement to secure an endowment of \$100,000 for this valuable institution will, it is hoped, meet with deserved success.

Social life in Hawaii has a charm of its own. In the old days, say thirty years ago, we knew everybody by sight, at least, and there was a "pull-in-the-family" air to society quite amusing to newcomers, but to which they readily adapted themselves. Now things are rapidly changing, the old

life is slipping away from us, and especially in Honolulu we are taking on the formalities of the larger cities. Our streets are full of strangers; things we once called luxuries are now necessities. We rarely ride horseback now; if we have no private carriage we either take a hack, an automobile, or a street car.

We are hurrying out of our primitive peacefulness and falling in line for the march of progress. The world moves—we could not expect to live in Hawaii at the "cross-roads of the Pacific" without moving with it.

Just at present the first Territorial Legislature is in session. So far nothing has been done which distinguishes the Territory as a wise and progressive one. On the contrary, the first question one feels like asking at sight of the daily papers is, "What special act of foolishness have the lawmakers committed today?" As these acts of foolishness are not yet completed, it is hard to spare comment. Under the monarchy the franchise was given to all and universal suffrage which came with annexation, seems to have turned the heads of the native race. It is safe to say that under the old regime few of the present Hawaiian legislators could have been elected. Full reports of all proceedings will be made to Washington, and possibly the rulers of the nation will say: "We have been greatly deceived concerning the intelligence of the Hawaiian people."

Walk or drive through our city and notice the children on their way to school or church. The easily-dressed Chinese and Japanese children make the scene alive with glowing color, as if some of our gorgeous flowering trees were out on a tour of investigation. Listen to their merry chatter in more or less fluent English, sprinkled with words and sentences in the mother tongue. As they run along, some of them are joined by bronze Hawaiians, olive-cheeked Portuguese, and Anglo-Saxons with varied complexions, and you will have to admit that it would be hard to find a livelier lot of children anywhere in this round world.

As you turn that shady corner, do not fail to notice the Hawaiian flower women seated on the sidewalk, stringing leis (wreaths) of carnations and other bright flowers. The sight is unique, and to the stranger especially attractive, yet we who live here could ill afford to lose our old-world Portuguese and Hawaiian, and even two or three sons of Ham in the clan. Active, wide-awake youngsters they are, but differing from the New York and San Francisco gamins in that they have homes and attend school daily.

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Look out over the city, half hidden in trees, to the lofty mountains which environ it, green to their summits, which pierce the clouds and riven by valleys packed with graceful ferns, then turn and look upon the dancing, sparkling rainbow-tinted ocean, surging with all and tell me, is not Hawaii the home of beauty?

PROTEST AGAINST STAR SALOON

Unfavorable sentiment has been aroused against the continuation of the "Star Saloon," located near the terminus of the tram line at Palama, which is practically at the entrance to the grounds of the Kamehameha schools. This has been accomplished through the medium of a petition which has been widely circulated in the city, protesting against its establishment there. The students of the schools were among the first to raise their voices in protest, and through them the Anti-Saloon League has taken up the matter. The petition reads as follows:

To the Honorable Treasurer of the Territory of Hawaii:
We, the teachers, students, patrons and friends of the Kamehameha Schools, instituted and endowed by the beneficence of Mrs. Bernice Pauahi Bishop for the education and elevation of the Hawaiian people, do most earnestly petition and pray that you will also these schools our potential protection by refusing any license for the sale or distribution of beer, wine, spirits, or other alcoholic beverage, within the limit of at least one-half mile, the usual limit is much longer, of the said school grounds. And we further pray that you will at the earliest possible revoke or cancel the license of the "Star Saloon," so unfortunately located in the building adjacent to the grounds of the said school.

JUMPED ON A TENPENNY NAIL.
The little daughter of Mr. J. N. Powell jumped on an inverted rake made of tenpenny nails, and thrust one nail entirely through her foot, and a second one half way through. Chamberlain's Pain Balm was promptly applied, and five minutes later the pain had disappeared, and no more suffering was experienced. In three days the child was wearing her shoes as usual, and with absolutely no discomfort. Mr. Powell is a well known merchant of Forkland, Va. U. S. A. Pain Balm is an antiseptic and heals such injuries without maturation and in one-third the time required by the usual treatment. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii Territory.

W. G. Youre, an insane man, contracted a Cosmopolitan was shot and killed by Marshall Silas Smith, and wounded Constable C. Fenwick.

Dunne Has Strong Backing for a Promotion.

(Special to the Commercial Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The Wyoming people have allowed no grass to grow under their feet in securing the appointment of one of their own as United States District Attorney for Hawaii. The death of Hon. J. C. Baird, in Denver, was hardly announced before Senator Warren, of Wyoming, was on the way east as fast as steam could carry him. He reached Washington Sunday, November 10, and on the following day called at the White House to present the name of Mr. J. A. Van Orsdale, the present Attorney General of Wyoming, as a candidate for Mr. Baird's place.

It is believed the President will appoint Mr. Van Orsdale, as Senator Warren is very close to the administration. The Senator was invited to lunch at the White House on Monday and had quite a lengthy chat with Mr. Roosevelt, during which he was able to say that Wyoming claimed the place because Mr. Baird was from Wyoming, and Wyoming wanted to relinquish none of the patronage she now enjoys.

There is an impression that the Californians may have something to say about the appointment, and that there the California and the Wyoming politicians may clash. It is believed that the former will champion the cause of Assistant District Attorney Dunne and urge his promotion to the office of District Attorney. Mr. Van Orsdale is about forty years old, a resident of Cheyenne, has served as county attorney and also has been in the State Senate. The Wyoming Republicans declare that he is an able man.

ERNEST G. WALKER.

J. J. Dunne has been in Hawaii only during the present year. He came here in the early spring while still in the service of the Board of Health, and after short service as Deputy Attorney General went back to San Francisco and closed out his office there. He has served here as Assistant U. S. District Attorney, Deputy Attorney General, attorney to the Court of Fire Claims and has built up a private practice which has called him into several important actions.

Mr. Dunne is a native of San Francisco, the son of a prominent merchant there and is a brother of Peter Dunne, one of the attorneys for the Southern Pacific Railroad. In the latter eighties Mr. Dunne was Assistant District Attorney in San Francisco under Judge Murphy, but his health failed him and he spent four years in travel abroad. Upon his return about 1894 he was appointed an Assistant District Attorney under Capt. U. S. Barnes which post he filled for four years, later becoming the attorney for the Board of Health, which place he filled until he came here.

Harry Waring, operator of a McQuhitter machine in the office of the Times-Citizen, at Cripple Creek, Colo., established a record, setting 3,403 lines, equal to \$8,478 ems, in eight hours. The machine was speeded to 84 revolutions per minute.

BY AUTHORITY.

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On Saturday, December 21st, 1901, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of the Judiciary Building, will be sold at Public Auction the Lease of that certain piece or parcel of land, situated at Palama-kai, in Honolulu, Oahu, known and described as the fish pond of "Kauiliwili" with the banks, lands and leas connected therewith and belonging thereto, being the same premises now occupied and under cultivation by Chin Wo & Co., rice planters.

Term, 5 Years.
Upset rental, \$25.00 per annum, payable semi-annually in advance.
Lease to commence from January 1, 1902, at which date possession of above land be given.

For further particulars apply at the Public Lands Office, Honolulu.
EDWARD S. BOYD,
Commissioner of Public Lands,
Public Lands Office, November 16th, 1901.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIFTH CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII.—AT CHAMBERS.—IN PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of Frank Johnson, of Eleale, Kauai, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition and accounts of H. D. Wishard, administrator, estate of Frank Johnson, late of Eleale, Kauai, wherein he asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him and his sureties from all further responsibility as such administrator.

It is ordered, that Tuesday, the 17th day of December, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., before the judge of said court at the courtroom of the said court at Lihue, Island of Kauai, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to said property.

Dated at Lihue, Kauai, this 16th day of December, 1901.

By the Court.

H. D. WISHARD, Clerk.

2334—Nov. 19, 26; Dec. 3.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage dated January 10, 1898, made by Susan Blake and Alva Blake, her husband, of Lahaina, Maui, to the Pioneer Mill Co., Ltd., a corporation of said Lahaina, and recorded in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances, Honolulu, in Liber 174, on pages 306-308, the said Pioneer Mill Co., Ltd., mortgagee, intends to foreclose said mortgage for a breach of

conditions therein contained, to wit, the non-payment of interest when due. Notice is also hereby given that all and singular the lands, tenements and hereditaments in said mortgage described, will be sold at public auction in front of the courthouse at Wailuku, Maui, on Saturday, the 23d day of November, 1901, at 12 o'clock noon of said day.

The property covered by said mortgage is thus described:

1. All that certain parcel of land situated in Kihala in the Kanaha valley, Lahaina, described in Kuleana 3703, to D. Malo, as apana 1, being the same premises conveyed to Mrs. Kapika Walters by deed of D. Punohu, dated October 6, 1881, and recorded in Liber 71, on page 328.
2. That certain piece of land consisting of two taro patches situated in the ahupuaa of Kihaloa, Lahaina, and being described in deed to Mrs. Kapika Walters from D. Punohu, said deed being above described.

Terms—Cash. Deeds at the expense of purchaser.

PIONEER MILL CO., LTD.,
Mortgagee.

By GEORGE HONS, Its Attorney.

For further particulars, apply to George Hons, attorney for Pioneer Mill Co., Ltd.

Dated Wailuku, Maui, October 25, 1901.

2328—Oct. 29; Nov. 5, 12, 19.

AUCTION SALE OF AWA LICENSES.

In accordance with the requirements of Section 707, Chapter 55 of the Penal Laws of 1897, one Awa License for each district of the several Islands will be sold at Public Auction between the 1st and 7th day of December, 1901, each license to be for the term of one year from the 1st day of January, 1902. The upset price will be as follows:

For the District of Honolulu, \$1,000.00.
For the District of Hilo, \$500.00.
For the District of Wailuku, \$500.00.
For the District of Lahaina, \$250.00.
For each other District, \$100.00.

The license for the Districts of Honolulu, Ewa and Waianae, Waialua, Koolaula and Koolapo, on the Island of Oahu, will be sold at the front entrance of the Capitol on Friday, the 6th day of December, 1901, at 12 o'clock noon.

Those for the Islands of Maui, Hawaii and Kauai, will be sold in the respective Districts of those Islands, upon such day and date within the limit of the time fixed by law, as shall be designated by the several Sheriffs or their Deputies. Due notice of date and place of sale will be given by posters in each of the said Districts.

A cash deposit of twenty-five per cent of the amount of the successful bid will be required on the fall of the hammer, said deposit to be forfeited to the Government if the full amount of the bid is not paid within five days of the day of sale.

(Signed) WILLIAM H. WRIGHT,
Treasurer of the Territory of Hawaii.
Treasurer's Office, Honolulu, Oahu, November 13, 1901. 2333-31F

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIFTH CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII.—AT CHAMBERS.—IN PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of Mrs. Sophia Dorothea Rabe, of Lihue, Kauai, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition and accounts of Hans Isenberg, administrator of estate of Mrs. Sophia Dorothea Rabe, wherein he asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him and his sureties from all further responsibility as such administrator.

It is ordered, that Tuesday, the 17th day of December, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., before the judge of said court at the courtroom of the said court at Lihue, Island of Kauai, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to said property.

Dated at Lihue, Kauai, this 17th day of